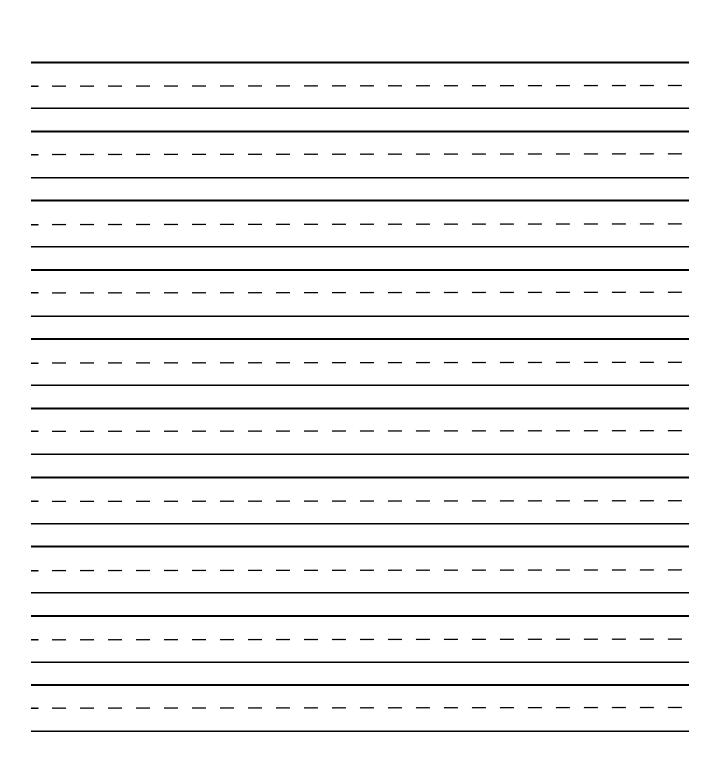
All Year 2nd Grade



Name the letters from left to right. Some letters repeat.

Alphabet Recognition—Lowercase

| m | + | k | j | f |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | z | w | С | v |
| а | s | u | Ь | а |
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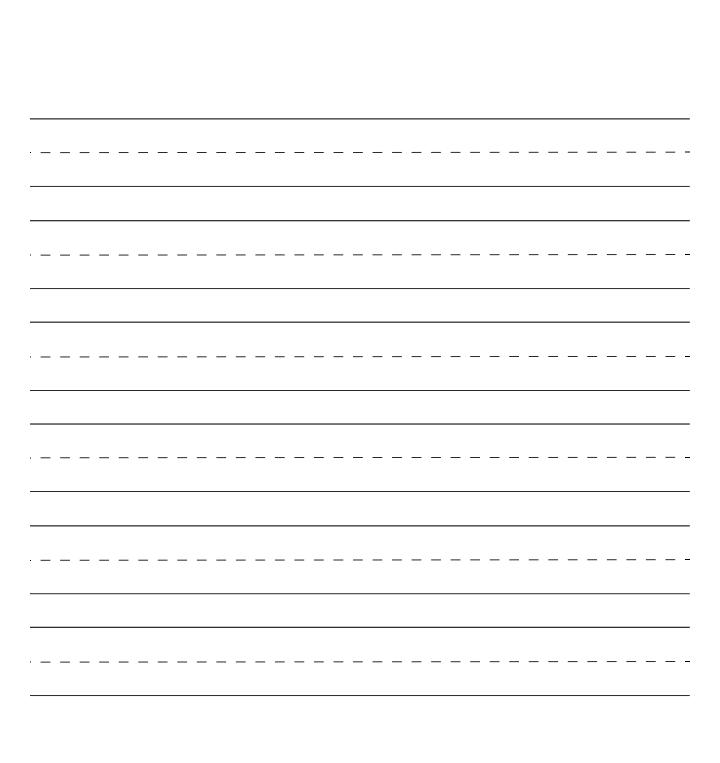
Name the believe from belt to right. Stip all exertions

| G | J | X | F |
|-----|---|----|---|
| Z | W | 3 | I |
| Q | В | С | Α |
| Н | 2 | S | ٧ |
| R | Р | U | Т |
| 7 | N | Ε | М |
| - 1 | 1 | 1/ | 0 |

Alphabet Recognition-Uppercase

All Year 1st Grade and End of the year Kindergarten

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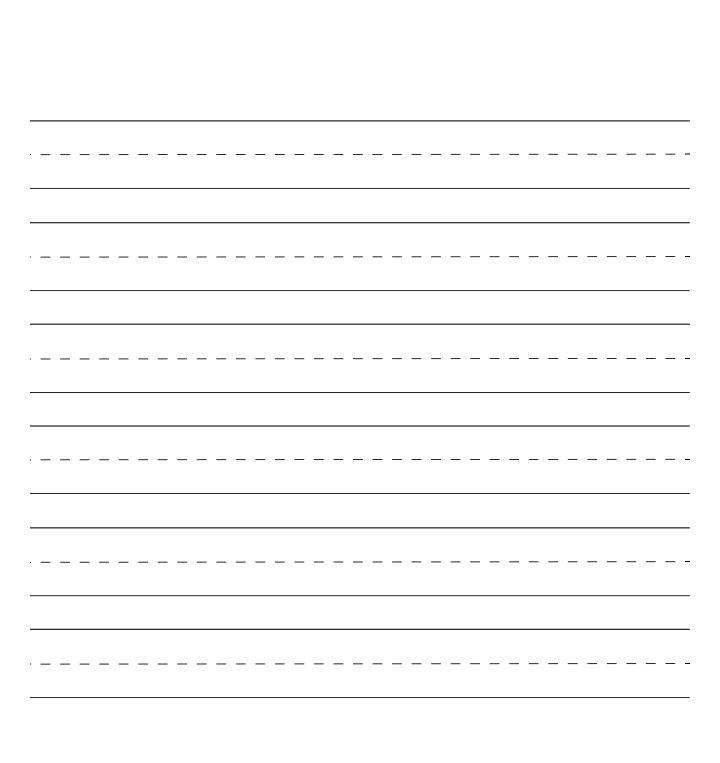


Beginning and Mid-year Kindergarten

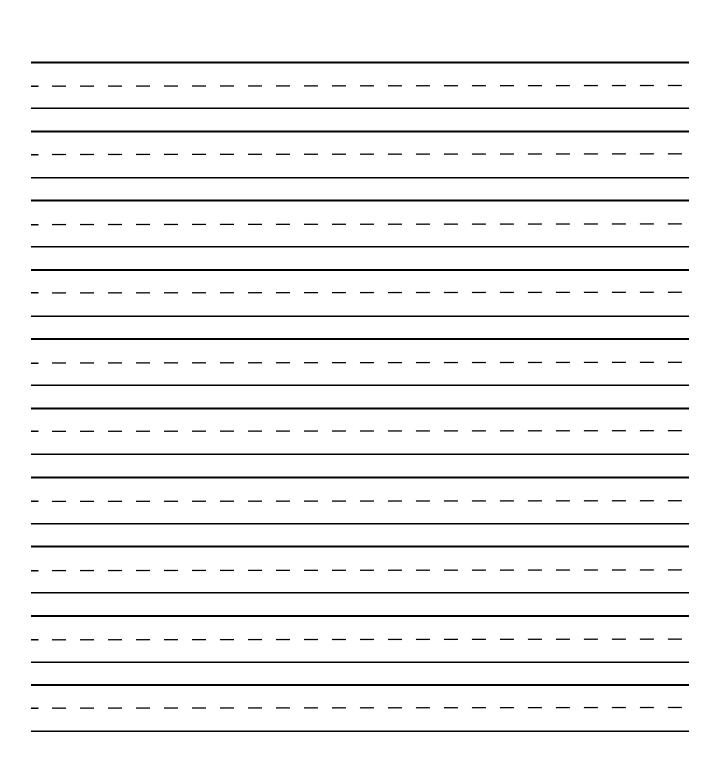
| Name | Date: | |
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All Year 1st Grade and End of the year Kindergarten

| Name | Date: | |
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All Year 2nd Grade



PAST SCORING SHEET

| Date: | Student Name: |
|-------|---------------|
| | |

| KINDE | ERGARTEN ASSESSMENT | Γ | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|------|--------|-------------------|-----|-------------------|
| 1. | Concept of Spoken \ | Vord | 2. | Rhyme Recognition | 3 | 3. | Rhyme Production | 4. | Syllable Blending |
| | Tom ran home. | | | 1. bed/fed | - | | 1. pain | | L. pencil |
| | I have two pets. | | | _2. top/hop | _ | | 2. cake | 2 | 2. rainbow |
| | Did you eat lunch? | | | _3. run/soap | _ | | 3. hop | 3 | 3. popcorn |
| 4. | What are you doing? | | | 4. hand/sand | _ | | 4. see | | I. blackboard |
| 5. | Terry loves to play soco | er. | | 5. funny/bunny | _ | | 5. dark | 5 | 5. sidewalk |
| 6. | Yesterday it rained. | | | 6. girl/giant | - | | 6. candy | 6 | 5. paper |
| 5. | Syllable Segmentation | l | 6. | Syllable Deletion | on 7 | 7. | Phoneme Isolation | 8. | Phoneme Isolation |
| | | | | | | | of Initial Sounds | | of Final Sounds |
| | sometime | | | _1. town | _ | | 1. /b/ | | L. /k/ |
| | basket | | | _2. side | _ | | 2. /۱/ | | 2. /n/ |
| | bedroom | | | _3. for | _ | | 3. /f/ | | 3. /١/ |
| 4. | fantastic | | | _4. bas | _ | | 4. /a/ | | l. /g/ |
| 5. | maybe | | | __ 5. af | _ | | 5. /d/ | 5 | 5. /m/ |
| 6. | helicopter | | | 6. board | _ | | 6. /sh/ | 6 | 5. /th/ |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| FIRST | GRADE ASSESSMENT | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | Phoneme Blending | 10. | Phor | neme | 11. | F | Phoneme Deletion | 12. | Phoneme Deletion |
| | | | Segn | nentation | | (| initial sounds) | | (initial sounds) |
| 1. | me | 1. / | i/ /n/ | | 1 | . uı | · | 1. | roe |
| | bed | | , , , a/ /t/ | | | . ig | | | trai |
| | 3. hat3. /n/ /a | | | /m/ | | . O | | | grou |
| | 4. must4. /sk | | | | | . e | | | sea |
| | | | | | | . at | | | ba |
| | | | | h/ /i/ /n/ | | 6. ape | | | in |
| 0. | 0. plant | | C11/ /1/ | | | o. upc | | 0 | |
| SECO | SECOND GRADE ASSESSMENT | | | | | | | | |
| 13. | Phoneme Deletion | 14. Phoneme | | | | | | | |
| | (initial blends) | | Subs | titution | | | | | |
| 1. | lap | 1. c | an | | | | | | |
| 2. | top | 2. c | dig | | | | | | |
| | rust | 3. ta | _ | | | | | | |
| | lack | 4. fe | | | | | | | |
| | rip | 5. re | | | | | | | |
| | mile | | hop | | | | | | |
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Phonological Awareness Skills Test (PAST) Guidelines for Administering and Scoring

Materials Needed:

- Set of PAST task cards
- PAST Recording Sheet
- 7 chips or pennies (for pushing)

Administering:

- See Task Cards for specific directions.
- You may reteath the directions/examples as necessary.
- Begin administering the first subtest. You may stop administering a subtest if the child misses three (3) consecutive items. Go to the next subtest. You must administer the first five subtests. After administering the first five subtests, you may stop the assessment if a child does not show mastery of two (2) consecutive subtests.
- The next time you assess, begin with the last skill in which the child had difficulty. You will want to assess throughout the year to guide your instruction.
- At the end of the year, begin with the last skill in which the child had difficulty and continue until you have finished all the tests for that grade level.

Recording:

- If the student's response is correct, record a (\checkmark) on the line.
- If the student makes no response or an incorrect response leave the line blank.
- Record ongoing and end of the year assessments with a different color pen on the same form.
 (Record your color key at the bottom of the form)

Scoring:

- Total up the number of (\checkmark) checks in each section.
- 5/6 is considered mastery.

Things to Notice:

- Child's ability to understand directions (receptive language)
- Speech and articulation
- Fine motor coordination (pushing chips)

PAST

Phonological Awareness Skills Test

Begin administering the first subtest. You may stop administering a subtest if the child misses three (3) consecutive items. Go to the next subtest. If a child does not show mastery of two (2) consecutive subtests, stop the assessment.

Scoring Criteria: 5 out of 6 correct for mastery

| | Kindergarten Assessment | | First Grade Assessment |
|----|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 1. | Concept of Spoken Word | 9. | Phoneme Blending |
| 2. | Rhyme Recognition | 10. | Phoneme Segmentation |
| 3. | Rhyme Production | 11. | Phoneme Deletion (initial sounds) |
| 4. | Syllable Blending | 12. | Phoneme Deletion (final sounds) |
| 5. | Syllable Segmentation | | |
| 6. | Syllable Deletion | | Second Grade Assessment |
| 7. | Phoneme Isolation (initial sounds) | 13. | Phoneme Deletion (initial blends) |
| 8. | Phoneme Isolation (final sounds) | 14. | Phoneme Substitution |

Concept of Spoken Word

Directions: Say each sentence. As you say each sentence, push up a colored chip for each word in the sentence. Then ask the child to do the same.

Say: "We are going to play a game with words and colored chips. I am going to say a sentence and use my chips to show each word. Joey likes cake (push a chip for each word). You say, 'Joey likes cake' and push up one chip for each word that you say."

- 1. "Tom ran home. Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."
- 2. "I have two pets. Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."
- 3. "Did you eat lunch? Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."
- 4. "What are you doing? Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."
- 5. "Terry loves to play soccer. Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."
- 6. "Yesterday it rained. Repeat my sentence and push up a chip for each word."

Score: 1 point for each sentence done correctly

Rhyme Recognition

Directions: Tell the child that two words that sound alike at the end rhyme. Give the example, hat and sat. Ask the student if sit and bit rhyme. Then, ask the child if chair and boy rhyme. If the child appears to grasp the concept, do the same for each of the word pairs below.

Say: "Two words that sound alike at the end, such as hat and sat, are rhyming words. Do sit and bit rhyme? Do chair and boy rhyme?"

- 1. "Do bed and fed rhyme?"
- 2. "Do top and hop rhyme?"
- 3. "Do run and soap rhyme?"
- 4. "Do hand and sand rhyme?"
- 5. "Do funny and bunny rhyme?"
- 6. "Do girl and giant rhyme?"

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

2

Rhyme Production

Directions: Tell the child that you will say a word and you want him or her to tell you a word that rhymes with that word. The answer can be a real or nonsense word. Give an example. Put a check in the box on the answer sheet for each correct response. Write down the child's answers on the lines provided.

Say: "I am going to say a word. I want you to tell me a word that rhymes with my word. Tell me a word that rhymes with sit (possible answers: bit, fit, mit, pit, dit, jit)."

- 1. "pain Tell me a word that rhymes with pain."
- 2. "cake Tell me a word that rhymes with cake."
- 3. "hop Tell me a word that rhymes with hop."
- 4. "see Tell me a word that rhymes with see."
- 5. "dark Tell me a word that rhymes with dark."
- 6. "candy Tell me a word that rhymes with candy."

Score: 1 point for each correct response

Syllable Blending

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to say a word in a funny way and you want him or her to put the parts together and say the whole word. Give examples, pausing between syllables. Have the child say the sample words normally. Put a check on the line for each correct word.

Say: "I am going to say a word in a funny way. Your job is to put the parts together and say the whole word." Example: "Out - side, now you say it. Ro - bot, now you say it."

- 1. "pen cil" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."
- 2. "rain bow" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."
- 3. "pop corn" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."
- 4. "black board" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."
- 5. "side walk" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."
- 6. "pa per" (pausing between the syllables) "Now you say it."

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

4

Syllable Segmentation

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to say a word and then break it into parts, or syllables. First, say the word normally. Then push up a chip as you say each part/syllable. Read each word and ask the child to push up a chip while the child says each part or syllable. Put a check on the line for each correct response.

Say: "I am going to say a word and then break it into parts or syllables, rainbow... rain - bow." Push up a chip for each part or syllable.

- 1. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. sometime"
- 2. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. basket"
- 3. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. bedroom"
- 4. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. fantastic"
- 5. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. maybe"
- 6. "Remember, you push up a chip for each part. helicopter"

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Syllable Deletion

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to play a game with words where one part of the word is left out. Give the example: *sunshine* without *shine* is *sun*. Ask the child to say airline. Then wait for his/her response. Next ask the child to say *airline*, but leave off *air*. He/she should say *line*. Have the child say the list of words leaving one syllable off. Put a check on the line for each correct response.

Say: "We are going to play a game with words where one part of the word is left out.

Sunshine without the shine is sun. Say airline, (child responds.) Now say airline but don't say air.

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1. "Say downtown."
                         (child responds)
                                           "Now say downtown, but don't say down."
2. "Say inside."
                         (child responds)
                                           "Now say inside, but don't say in."
3. "Say forget."
                         (child responds)
                                           "Now say forget, but don't say get."
4. "Say basket."
                         (child responds) "Now say basket, but don't say ket."
5. "Say after."
                         (child responds)
                                           "Now say after, but don't say ter."
6. "Say skateboard."
                         (child responds)
                                           "Now say skateboard, but don't say skate."
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Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Isolation of Initial Sounds

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to say a word, and he or she is to tell you the first sound of that word. Ask the child what is the first sound in the word *top*. The child should say /t/. Do the same with the list of words and put a check on the line for each correct response.

Say: "I am going to say a word. I want you to tell me the first sound of that word, top. What is the first sound in the word top?" The child should say /t/. Do the same with the list of words below and put a check on the line for each correct response.

```
    "big What is the first sound in the word big?"
    "land What is the first sound in the word land?"
    "farm What is the first sound in the word farm?
    "apple What is the first sound in the word apple?"
    "desk What is the first sound in the word desk?"
    "ship What is the first sound in the word ship?"
```

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Isolation of Final Sounds

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to say a word, and he or she is to tell you the last sound of that word. Give the example *pot*. The child should say /t/. Do the same with the entire list of words below and put a check on the line for each correct response.

Say: "I am going to say a word. I want you to tell me the last sound in that word. Tell the last sound in the word pot."

"pick Tell me the last sound in the word pick?"
 "ran Tell me the last sound in the word ran?"
 "fill Tell me the last sound in the word fill?
 "bug Tell me the last sound in the word bug?"
 "same Tell me the last sound in the word same?"
 "tooth Tell me the last sound in the word tooth?"

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Blending

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to separate all the sounds in a word and he/she is to say the whole word. Do two examples using *sit* and *stop*. Read each word listed in the segmented fashion. Put a check in the box for each correct response.

Say: "I am going to separate all the sounds in a word. I want you to say the whole word. Let's try some samples: /s//i//t/ is sit, /s//t//o//p/ is stop. Remember, I will say the word in sounds, you say the whole word."

- 1. "/m//ē/"
- 2. "/b/ /e/ /d/"
- 3. "/h/ /a/ /t/"
- 4. "/m/ /u/ /s/ /t/"
- 5. "/sh/ /o/ /p/"
- 6. "/p/ /l/ /a/ /n/ /t/"

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Segmentation

Directions: Tell the child that you are going to play a game with all the sounds in a word. Use the example *dime*. Push up a chip for each of the sounds as you say /d//i//m/. Ask the child to do the same with the word *hat*. Read each of the words on the list and ask the child to push up a chip for each sound. Put a check in the box for each correct response.

Say: "We are going to play a game with all of the sounds in a word. Here is an example: /d/ /i/ /m/, (push a chip up for each sound that you say). Now you do the same for the word hat."

- 1. "in" (/i/ /n/)
- 2. "at" (/a/ /t/)
- 3. "name" $(/n//\bar{a}//m/)$
- 4. "ship" (/sh/ /i/ /p/)
- 5. "sock" (/s/ /o/ /ck/)
- 6. "chin" (/ch//i//n/)

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Deletion of Initial Sounds

Directions: Tell the child that you will be playing a game where the beginning sound of a word is left off. Use the example, bed without /b/ is /ed/. Ask the child to say can without /c/. The answer is an. Read each word in the list and tell the child the beginning sound to leave off. Put a check in the box for each correct response.

Say: "We are going to play a game where I say a word and leave off the beginning sound. For example, bed without the /b/ is ed. You give it a try. Say can without the /c/ (an)."

- 1. "Say sun without the /s/."
- 2. "Say pig without the /p/."
- 3. "Say mop without the /m/."
- 4. "Say neck without the /n/."
- 5. "Say bat without the /b/."
- 6. "Say tape without the /t/."

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

11

Phoneme Deletion of Final Sound

Directions: Tell the child that in this word game, the final sound is left off. Give the example: goat without the /t/ is go. Ask the child to say meat without the /t/. The answer is me. Read each word in the list and ask the child to leave the ending sound off. Put a check in the box if the child does it correctly.

Say: "We are going to play a word game where you will leave off the ending sound of a word. For example, goat without the /t/ is go. You try it. Say meat without the /t/."

- 1. "Say rose without the /z/."
- 2. "Say train without the /n/."
- 3. "Say group without the /p/."
- 4. "Say seat without the /t/."
- 5. "Say bake without the /k/."
- 6. "Say inch without the /ch/."

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

12

Phoneme Deletion of the First Sound in Consonant Blend

Directions: Tell the child to make new words by taking the first sound off a consonant blend. Give the example of *crow* without /k/ is *row*. Ask the student to say *still* without the /s/. The answer is *till*. Do the same with each word on the list. Put a check in the box for each correct response.

Say: "We are going to make new words by taking off the first sound of a consonant blend. For example, crow without the /k/ is row. Now you try it. Say still without the /s/ (child should say till). Let's do some more."

- "Say clap without the /k/."
- 2. "Say stop without the /s/."
- 3. "Say trust without the /t/."
- 4. "Say black without the /b/."
- 5. "Say drip without the /d/."
- 6. "Say smile without the /s/."

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

Phoneme Substitution

Directions: Tell the child that you will be playing a different game with the sound of words. You are going to ask him/her to take off the first sound of a word and replace it with another sound. Give the example of replacing the first sound in *pail* with /m/. The new word is *mail*. Ask the child to replace the first sound in *top* with /h/. The new word is *hop*. Ask the child to do the same with all the words on the list. Put a check in the box for each correct response.

Say: "We are going to play a different word game. I want you to take off the first sound in a word and replace it with a different sound to make a new word. For example, if I take off the /p/ at the beginning of pail and replace it with /m/, the new word is mail. You try it. Take of the first sound in top and replace it with /h/."

- 1. "Replace the first sound in man with /k/."
- 2. "Replace the first sound in pig with /d/."
- 3. "Replace the first sound in sack with /t/."
- 4. "Replace the first sound in well with /f/."
- 5. "Replace the first sound in bed with /r/."
- 6. "Replace the first sound in shop with /ch/."

Score: 1 point for each correct response.

What's the Missing Word?

DIRECTIONS: Listen as your teacher reads each sentence. Look at the pictures. Circle the picture that best completes the sentence.

I. I use a _____ to brush my teeth.







2. The _____ barked loudly at the mailman.







3. I eat my cereal with a _____.







4. We saw a bright _____ in the night sky.







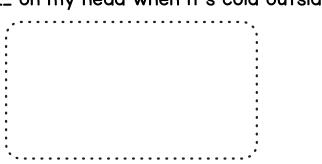
Listen and Draw

DIRECTIONS: Listen as your teacher reads each sentence. Draw a picture of the missing word in each box.

5. The _____ is yellow and has a long neck.



6. I wear a _____ on my head when it's cold outside.



7. The _____ has wheels and takes us to school.



8. The _____ grows on the trees and is red and juicy.

